USEPA REGION II LIST OF CLASS V INJECTION WELL TYPES

TYPE CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION			
	INDUSTRIAL/COMMERCIAL/UTILITY DISPOSAL WELLS				
5X28	MOTOR VEHICLE WASTE DISPOSAL WELLS	- wells that receive or have received fluids from vehicular repair or maintenance activities, such as an auto body repair shop, automotive repair shop, new and used car dealership, specialty repair shop (e.g., transmission and muffler repair shop), or any facility that does any vehicular repair work.			
5W20	INDUSTRIAL PROCESS WATER & WASTE DISPOSAL WELLS	- used to dispose of a wide variety of wastes and wastewater from industrial, commercial, or utility processes. Industries include refineries, chemical plants, smelters, pharmaceutical plants, laundromats and dry cleaners, tanneries, carwashes, laboratories, funeral homes, etc. Specify industry and waste stream.			
5A19	COOLING WATER RETURN FLOW WELLS	- used to inject water which was used in a cooling process.			
	DRAINAGE WELLS				
5D4	INDUSTRIAL DRAINAGE WELL	- wells located in industrial areas which primarily receive storm water runoff but are susceptible to spills, leaks, or other chemical discharges.			
5D2	STORM WATER DRAINAGE WELLS	- receive storm water runoff from paved areas, including parking lots, streets, residential subdivisions, building roofs, highways, etc.			
5F1	AGRICULTURAL DRAINAGE WELLS	- receive irrigation tailwaters, other field drainage, animal yard, feedlot, or dairy runoff, etc.			
5D3	IMPROVED SINKHOLES	- receive storm water runoff from developments located in karst topographic areas.			
5G30	SPECIAL DRAINAGE WELLS	- used for disposing water from sources other than direct precipitation—such as landslide control drainage wells, potable water tank overflow drainage wells, swimming pool drainage wells, and lake level control drainage wells.			

DOMESTIC WASTEWATER DISPOSAL WELLS				
5W9	UNTREATED SEWAGE WASTE DISPOSAL	- receive raw sewage wastes from pumping trucks or other vehicles which collect such wastes from single or multiple sources. (No treatment)		
5W10	LARGE CAPACITY CESSPOOLS	- large capacity cesspools including multiple dwelling, community or regional cesspools, or other devices that receive sanitary wastes, containing human excreta, which have an open bottom and sometimes perforated sides. Includes non-residential cesspools which receive solely sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve greater than or equal to 20 persons a day. DOES NOT apply to single family residential cesspools.		
5W11	SEPTIC SYSTEM (UNDIFFERENTIAT- ED DISPOSAL METHOD)	- used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community or regional business establishment septic tank to an undetermined final discharge point. Includes non-residential septic systems which receive solely sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve greater than or equal to 20 persons a day. DOES NOT apply to single family residential septic systems. (Primary Treatment)		
5W31	SEPTIC SYSTEMS (WELL DISPOSAL METHOD)	- used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community or regional business establishment septic tank to a well examples of wells include dry wells, seepage pits, cavitettes, etc. The largest surface dimension is less than or equal to the depth dimension. Includes non-residential septic systems which receive solely sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve greater than or equal to 20 persons a day. DOES NOT apply to single family residential septic systems. (Primary Treatment)		
5W32	SEPTIC SYSTEMS (DRAIN FIELD DISPOSAL METHOD)	- used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community or regional business establishment septic tank to a drainfieldexamples of drainfields include drain or tile lines, and trenches. Includes non-residential septic systems which receive solely sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve greater than or equal to 20 persons a day. DOES NOT apply to single family residential septic systems. (Primary Treatment)		
5W12	DOMESTIC WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT EFFLUENT DISPOSAL	- dispose of treated sewage or domestic effluent from small package plants up to large municipal treatment plants. Final discharge points may include drywells or leachfields. (Secondary or further treatment)		

	GEOTHERMAL REINJECTION WELLS				
5A5	ELECTRIC POWER REINJECTION WELLS	- reinject geothermal fluids used to generate electric power.			
5A6	DIRECT HEAT REINJECTION WELLS	- reinject geothermal fluids used to provide heat for large buildings or developments.			
5A7	HEAT/PUMP/AIR CONDITIONING RETURN FLOW WELLS	- reinject groundwater used to heat or cool a building in a heat pump system.			
5A8	GROUNDWATER AQUACULTURE RETURN FLOW WELLS	- reinject groundwater or geothermal fluids used to support aquaculture. Non-geothermal aquaculture disposal wells are also included in this category (e.g., Marine aquariums in Hawaii use relatively cool sea water).			
	RECHARGE WELLS				
5R21	AQUIFER RECHARGE WELLS	- used to recharge depleted aquifers and may inject fluids from a variety of sources such as lakes, streams, domestic wastewater treatment plants, other aquifers, etc.			
5B22	SALINE WATER INTRUSION BARRIER WELLS	- used to inject water into fresh water aquifers to prevent intrusion of salt water into fresh water aquifers.			
5823	SUBSIDENCE CONTROL WELLS	- used to inject fluids into a non-oil or gas producing zone to reduce or eliminate subsidence associated with overdraft of fresh water and not used for the purpose of oil or natural gas production.			
	OIL FIELD PRODUCTION WASTE DISPOSAL WELLS				
5X17	AIR SCRUBBER WASTE DISPOSAL WELLS	- inject waste from air scrubbers used to remove sulfur from crude oil which is burned in steam generation for thermal oil recovery projects. (If injection is used directly for enhanced recovery and not just disposal it is a Class II well.)			
5X18	WATER SOFTENER REGENERATION BRINE DISPOSAL WELLS	- inject regeneration waste from water softeners which are used to improve the quality of brines used for enhanced recovery. (If injection is used directly for enhanced recovery and not just disposal it is a Class II well.)			

	MINERAL AND FOSSIL FUEL RECOVERY RELATED WELLS				
5X13	MINING, SAND, OR OTHER BACKFILL WELLS	- used to inject a mixture of water and sand, mill tailings, and other solids into mined out portions of subsurface mines whether what is injected is radioactive waste or not. Also includes special wells used to control mine fires and acid mine drainage wells.			
5X14	SOLUTION MINING WELLS	- used for in situ solution mining in conventional mines, such as slopes leaching.			
5X15	IN-SITU FOSSIL FUEL RECOVERY WELLS	- used for in situ recovery of coal, lignite, oil shale, and tar sands.			
5X16	SPENT BRINE RETURN FLOW WELLS	- used to reinject spent brine into the same formation from which it was withdrawn after extraction of halogens or their salts.			
	MISCELLANEOUS WELLS				
5X25	EXPERIMENTAL TECHNOLOGY WELL	- wells used in experimental or unproven technologies such as pilot scale in situ solution mining wells in previously unmined areas.			
5X26	AQUIFER REMEDIATION RELATED WELLS	- wells used to prevent, control, or remediate aquifer pollution, including but not limited to Superfund sites.			
5X29	ABANDONED DRINKING WATER WELLS	- used for disposal of fluids. Specify well purpose and injected fluids.			
5X27	OTHER WELLS	- any other unspecified Class V wells. Specify well type/purpose and injected fluids.			

SOURCE: Prepared by EPA Region II. Based on 1987 Report to Congress on Class V Wells; and 40 C.F.R. §144.81.

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